JUNE, 1934

JOURNAL OF CALENDAR REFORM

CONTENTS

Twelve Versus Thirteen, by Georges de Plinval 49
Statistical Opinion, by T. W. Gerber 54
Japan's Attitude, by Ernest W. Clement 55
Ireland Opposes Thirteen, by Michael MacWhite 60
From the League of Nations, by E. Key-Lehmann 61
Canada Supports Revision, by Dr. Charles Bieler 66
When Old Style Became New, by Robert Hunt Lyman 69
As an Artist Sees It, by Levon West 74
Swiss Urge Revision, by E. Hofmeister 76
Analysis of 12-Month Plan, by E. K. Eason 77
Germany's New Viewpoint, by Erland Echlin 83
Britain Looks at Time, by C. David Stelling 86
Excerpts and Reviews 90
Current Press Comment 92
Editorial: Resolutions of Fraternal Congress 93
From the Mailbag 94
List of New Members 95
French Opinion, by Paul Louis Hervier ..... Inside Back Cover

Published by
THE WORLD CALENDAR ASSOCIATION, INC.
485 Madison Avenue
New York City

THE WORLD CALENDAR

Every Year the Same

JANUARY

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31	..	..	..	..

APRIL

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31	..	..	..	..

JULY

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31	..	..	..	..

OCTOBER

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31	..	..	..	..

FEBRUARY

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
..	..	..	1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	..	..

MAY

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
..	..	..	1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	..	..

AUGUST

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
..	..	..	1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	..	..

NOVEMBER

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
..	..	..	1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	..	..

MARCH

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
..	..	..	..	..	1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30

JUNE

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
..	..	..	..	..	1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30

SEPTEMBER

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
..	..	..	..	..	1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30

DECEMBER

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
..	..	..	..	..	1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30

YEAR-END DAY, December Y, follows December 30th every year
LEAP-YEAR DAY, June L, follows June 30th in leap years

The World Calendar regulates the twelve-month year. It is balanced in structure, perpetual in form.

Its twelve months are multiples of halves and quarters. The equal quarters consist of 3 months; the first month has 31 days; the remaining two have 30 days. These quarters also comprise 13 weeks or 91 days, of which 13 days are Sundays and 78 are weekdays. Each month has 26 weekdays.

In the perpetual calendar, Year-End Day, the odd 365th and last day of the year, is considered as an extra Saturday between December 30th and January 1st. The additional 366th day in leap years is considered as another extra Saturday between June 30th and July 1st and is called Leap-Year Day. These days are tabulated as December Y and June L respectively, by which method the 31-day months begin the quarters. It is recommended that these two stabilizing days be considered by the United States as holidays. January 1st, New Year's Day, falls on Sunday, and the working week begins the following day.

The revised twelve-month year in its even quarters conforms to the seasons, recognizing natural laws. Comparisons are easily obtained; changes involved require a minimum of adjustment; expenses are not increased for business and the consumer; religious and secular holidays are stabilized, and the transition from the old to the new order is made easy by the retention of the twelve-month year.

"Our stability is but balance."—Robert Bridges.

FRENCH OPINION

Extracts from recent letters received by the Bureau d'Etudes pour la Reforme du Calendrier, Paris; contributed by Paul Louis Hervier, Secretary.

I heartily approve of your plan for a 12-month equal-quarter calendar reform. Business men will give it support.—M. Monteyrenard, Mayor of Lenieres de Briard.

The proposed calendar reform seems to me to be most important and altogether useful.—Dr. Herbert Bonafe, Hauteville.

Your plan is ingenious and reasonable. Without seriously upsetting tradition, it is entirely logical and meets the need for stability.—Leon Lemonnier, Author, Paris.

I am convinced that calendar reform is necessary. The plan that you suggest is as simple as it is useful.—Prof. J. Letaconnoux, Lycee Louis le Grand, Paris.

The new calendar seems logical and desirable.—Prof. J. Chaudesaignes, Univ. of Paris.

There should be no hesitation in adopting a plan that would bring order without any confusion.—Prof. Laval, Lycee Voltaire, Choisy-le-Roi.

The solution you propose, which avoids any disorder, respects venerable traditions connected with dates of national, religious or family character, would be profitable to social life in all its activities.—Prof. Marcel Fritz, Lycee de Poitiers.

I hope that the Christian Churches, without too much delay, will adopt a fixed date for Easter, and that your perpetual calendar, which seems to have strong support, will gain the favor of public opinion.—Prof. G. Levaxelaire, Lycee St. Louis, Paris.

Am very much attracted by the simplicity and practical character of the proposed reform.—Prof. H. Boivin, Sceaux.

Your calendar plan seems excellent. Although it brings unquestionable improvements, the present calendar is not upset. —Prof. Gueraud, Lycee Condorcet.

Equalized school terms would be ideal for students and for teachers!—M. Chambard, Mayor of Treffort.

A useful reform which deserves study.—Edmond Bevy, Agriculturist, Feillens.

I am absolutely convinced of the excellency of this reform.—Prof. Felicie Jacq, Versailles.

Excellent idea! My approval and congratulations!—M. Picard, Teacher, Chavannes-sur-Reyssouze.

This plan is remarkably simple and ingenious.—Prof. Maurice Weber, Viroflay.

I fully approve of the proposed reform, with the stabilization of the principal feasts (Easter, etc.).—Mlle. Rozet, Professor, Univ. of Paris.

Accomplishment of this reform would simplify the organization of our existence. —Prof. Georges Monbeig, Paris.

I have myself studied the question and advised exactly the simple and logical solution that you propose.—Prof. Finot, Lycee de Reims.

Shall gladly put at the disposal of the public the books and pamphlets that you send and have no doubt that they will prove of great interest.—Henri Teulie, Librarian, Bordeaux.

I hope that the ridiculous and irritating instability of our present calendar will not exist much longer.—Prof. Paul Carlier, Corse.

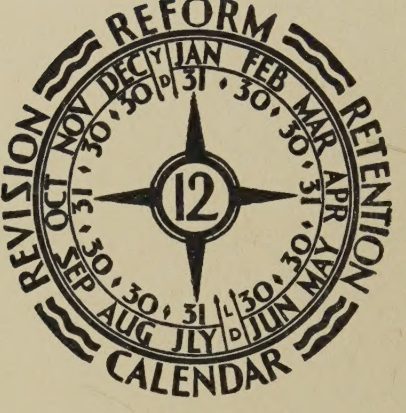
You have my best wishes for the greatly-desired success of your movement for calendar reform.—Henri Labrosse, Director of Libraries, Rouen.

Interesting project, to which I give my approval.—M. A. Boileau, Agriculturist, Roucy.

Completely in accord with the reform of the present calendar. This project is interesting, practical, and of great advantage. — F. J. Depigny, Accountant, Seyssel.

Your plan is very reasonable and should have the approval of all sensible men.— Georges Collon, Librarian, Tours.

I heartily approve of the proposed revised 12-month equal-quarter calendar.— Charles Vaillant, Mayor of Paissy.



Printed in the United States of America by
Chilton Company, Printing Division, Philadelphia